Pro**Labs**

GLC-BX-U-35-SC-C

Cisco® Compatible TAA 1000Base-BX SFP Transceiver (SMF, 1310nmTx/1550nmRx, 20km, SC, DOM)

Features:

- INF-8074 and SFF-8472 Compliance
- Simplex SC Connector
- Single-mode Fiber
- Commercial Temperature 0 to 70 Celsius
- Hot Pluggable
- Metal with Lower EMI
- Excellent ESD Protection
- RoHS Compliant and Lead Free



Applications:

- 1000Base-BX Ethernet
- 1x Fibre Channel
- Access (FTTx) and Enterprise

Product Description

This Cisco[®] SFP transceiver provides 1000Base-BX throughput up to 20km over single-mode fiber (SMF) using a wavelength of 1310nmTx/1550nmRx via a SC connector. It is guaranteed to be 100% compatible with the equivalent Cisco[®] transceiver. This easy to install, hot swappable transceiver has been programmed, uniquely serialized and data-traffic and application tested to ensure that it will initialize and perform identically. Digital optical monitoring (DOM) support is also present to allow access to real-time operating parameters. This transceiver is Trade Agreements Act (TAA) compliant. We stand behind the quality of our products and proudly offer a limited lifetime warranty.

ProLabs' transceivers are RoHS compliant and lead-free.

TAA refers to the Trade Agreements Act (19 U.S.C. & 2501-2581), which is intended to foster fair and open international trade. TAA requires that the U.S. Government may acquire only "U.S. – made or designated country end products."



Rev. 040723

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Notes
Maximum Supply Voltage	Vcc	-0.5		3.6	V	
Storage Temperature	Tstg	-40		85	°C	
Operating Case Temperature	Тс	0		70	°C	
Relative Humidity	RH	5		85	%	
Power Supply Current	lcc			300	mA	

Electrical Characteristics

Parameter		Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Notes
Supply Volta	ige	Vcc	3.15	3.3	3.47	V	
9µm Core Di	ameter SMF	L		20		km	
Data Rate	GBE			1.25		Gbps	
	FC			1.063		_	
Transmitter							
LVPECL Diffe	erential Inputs	VIN	400		1800	mVp-p	1
Input Differential Impedance		ZIN	90	100	110	Ω	2
Tx_Disable	Disable		2		Vcc+0.3	V	
	Enable		0		0.8	V	
Tx_Fault	Fault		2		Vcc+0.3	V	
	Normal		0		0.8	V	
Receiver			,				
LVPECL Diffe	erential Outputs	VOUT	400		2000	mVp-p	3
Output Differential Impedance		ZOUT	90	100	110	Ω	
Tx_Disable Assert Time		T_off			10	us	
Rx_LOS	Loss of Signal (LOS)		2		Vcc+0.3	V	
	Normal Operation		0		0.8	V	
MOD_DEF(0.2)		VOH	2.5		Vcc+0.3	V	4
		VOL	0		0.5	V	

Notes:

- 1. AC coupled inputs. LVPECL logic. Internal AC coupling.
- 2. RIN > 100kΩ @ DC.
- 3. AC coupled outputs. LVPECL logic. Internal AC coupling.
- 4. With serial ID.

Optical Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Notes	
Transmitter							
Center Wavelength	λC	1290	1310	1330	nm		
Spectral Width (RMS)	Δλ			4	nm		
Average Output Power	POUT	-9		-3	dBm	1	
Extinction Ratio	ER	9			dB		
Rise/Fall Time (20-80%)	Tr/Tf			0.26	ns		
POUT @ Tx_Disable Asserted	POUT			-35	dBm		
Output Optical Eye	Compliant with IEEE 802.3					2	
Receiver							
Center Wavelength	λC	1530	1550	1570	nm		
Receiver Sensitivity	Pmin			-24	dBm	3	
Receiver Overload	Pmax	-3			dBm		
LOS De-Assert	LOSD			-25	dBm		
LOS Assert	LOSA	-35			dBm		
LOS Hysteresis		1		4	dB		

Notes:

- 1. Output power is measured by coupling into a $9/125\mu m$ single-mode fiber.
- 2. Filtered. Measured with a PRBS 2⁷-1 test pattern @1250Mbps.
- 3. Minimum average optical power is measured at BER less than $1E^{-12}$ with 2^7 -1 PRBS and ER=9dB.

Pin Desc Pin	Symbol	Name/Description	Plug Seq.	Note
1	VeeT	Transmitter Ground.	1	5
2	Tx_Fault	Transmitter Fault Indication.	3	1
3	Tx_Disable	Transmitter Disable. Module disables on "high" or "open."	3	2
4	MOD_DEF2	Module Definition 2. 2-Wire Serial ID Interface.	3	3
5	MOD_DEF1	Module Definition 1. 2-Wire Serial ID Interface.	3	3
6	MOD_DEF0	Module Definition 0. 2-Wire Serial ID Interface.	3	3
7	Rate Select	Not Connected.	3	Function Not Available
8	LOS	Loss of Signal.	3	4
9	VeeR	Receiver Ground.	1	5
10	VeeR	Receiver Ground.	1	5
11	VeeR	Receiver Ground.	1	5
12	RD-	Inverse Received Data Out.	3	6
13	RD+	Received Data Out.	3	7
14	VeeR	Receiver Ground.	1	5
15	VccR	3.3 ± 5% Receiver Power.	2	7
16	VccT	3.3 ± 5% Transmitter Power.	2	7
17	VeeT	Transmitter Ground.	1	5
18	TD+	Transmitter Data In.	3	8
19	TD-	Inverse Transmitter Data In.	3	8
20	VeeT	Transmitter Ground.	1	5

Pin Descriptions

Notes:

- Tx_Fault is an open collector/drain output that should be pulled up with a 4.7kΩ to 10kΩ resistor on the host board. Pull-up voltage between 2.0V and VccT/R+0.3V. When "high," output indicates a laser fault of some kind. "Low" indicates normal operation. In the "low" state, the output will be pulled to <0.8V.
- 2. Tx_Disable is an input that is used to shut down the transmitter optical output. It is pulled up within the module with a $4.7k\Omega$ to $10k\Omega$ resistor. Its states are:

Low (0V–0.8V): Transmitter On. (>0.8, <2.0V): Undefined. High (2.0V–3.465V): Transmitter Disabled. Open: Transmitter Disabled.

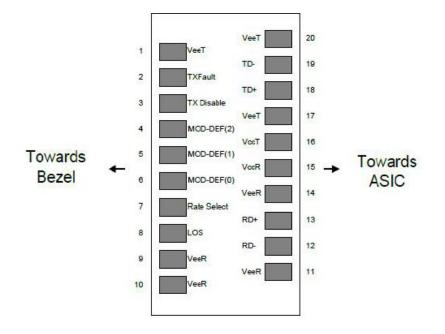
3. MOD_DEF0, 1, and 2. These are the module definition pins. They should be pulled up with a $4.7k\Omega$ to $10k\Omega$ resistor on the host board. The pull-up voltage shall be VccT or VccR.

MOD_DEF0 is grounded by the module to indicate that the module is present.

MOD_DEF1 is the clock line of the 2-wire serial interface for serial ID.

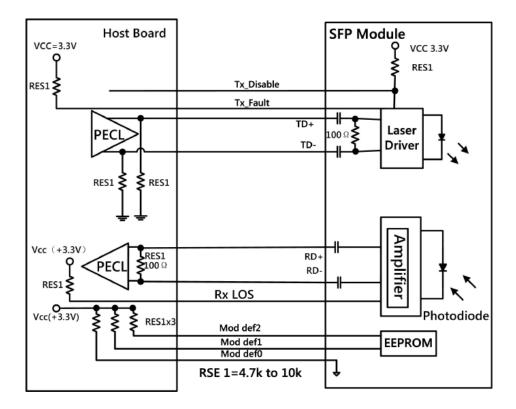
MOD-DEF 2 is the data line of the 2-wire serial interface for serial ID.

- 4. LOS (Loss of Signal) is an open collector/drain output that should be pulled up with a 4.7kΩ to 10kΩ resistor. Pull-up voltage between 2.0V and VccT/R+0.3V. When "high," this output indicates the received optical power is below the worst-case receiver sensitivity (as defined by the standard in use). "Low" indicates normal operation. In the "low" state, the output will be pulled to <0.8V.</p>
- 5. VeeR and VeeT may be internally connected within the SFP module.
- 6. RD-/+. These are the differential receiver outputs. They are AC coupled 100kΩ (differential) lines that should be terminated with 100kΩ (differential) at the user SERDES. The AC coupling is done inside the module and is thus not required on the host board. The voltage swing on these lines will be between 400mV and 2000mV differential (200mV –1000mV single-ended) when properly terminated.
- 7. VccR and VccT are the receiver and transmitter power supplies. They are defined as 3.3V±5% at the SFP connector pin. Maximum supply current is 300mA. Recommended host board power supply filtering is shown below. Inductors with DC resistance of less than 1kΩ should be used in order to maintain the required voltage at the SFP input pin with 3.3V supply voltage. When the recommended supply-filtering network is used, hot-plugging of the SFP transceiver module will result in an in-rush current of no more than 30mA greater than the steady state value. VccR and VccT may be internally connected within the SFP transceiver module.
- TD-/+. These are the differential transmitter inputs. They are AC-coupled, differential lines with 100 differential terminations inside the module. The AC coupling is done inside the module and is thus not required on the host board. The inputs will accept differential swings of 400mV-2000mV (200mV 1000mV single-ended).

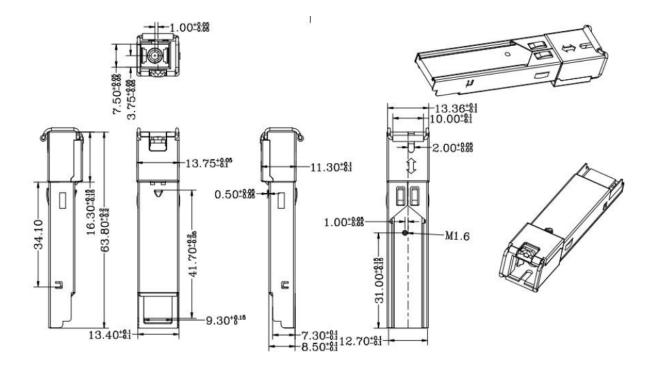


Electrical Pin-Out Details

Recommended Application Interface Block Diagram

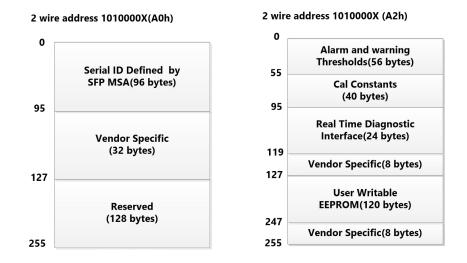


Mechanical Specifications



EEPROM Information

The serial interface uses the 2-wire serial CMOS EEPROM protocol defined. When the serial protocol is activated, the host generates the serial clock signal (SCL). The positive edge clocks data into those segments of the EEPROM that are not write protected within the SFP transceiver. The negative edge clocks data from the SFP transceiver. The serial data signal (SDA) is bi-directional for serial data transfer. The host uses SDA in conjunction with SCL to mark the start and end of serial protocol activation. The memories are organized as a series of 8-bit data words that can be addressed individually or sequentially. The module provides diagnostic information about the present operating conditions. The transceiver generates this diagnostic data by digitization of internal analog signals. Calibration and alarm/warning threshold data is written during device manufacture. Received power monitoring, transmitted power monitoring, bias current monitoring, supply voltage monitoring and temperature monitoring all are implemented. If the module is defined as external calibrated, the diagnostic data are raw A/D values and must be converted to real world units using calibration constants stored in EEPROM locations 56 – 95 at wire serial bus address A2h. The digital diagnostic memory map-specific data field define as following. For detailed EEPROM information please refer to the related document of SFF8472 Rev 10.2.



About ProLabs

Our experience comes as standard; for over 15 years ProLabs has delivered optical connectivity solutions that give our customers freedom and choice through our ability to provide seamless interoperability. At the heart of our company is the ability to provide state-of-the-art optical transport and connectivity solutions that are compatible with over 90 optical switching and transport platforms.

Complete Portfolio of Network Solutions

ProLabs is focused on innovations in optical transport and connectivity. The combination of our knowledge of optics and networking equipment enables ProLabs to be your single source for optical transport and connectivity solutions from 100Mb to 400G while providing innovative solutions that increase network efficiency. We provide the optical connectivity expertise that is compatible with and enhances your switching and transport equipment.

Trusted Partner

Customer service is our number one value. ProLabs has invested in people, labs and manufacturing capacity to ensure that you get immediate answers to your questions and compatible product when needed. With Engineering and Manufacturing offices in the U.K. and U.S. augmented by field offices throughout the U.S., U.K. and Asia, ProLabs is able to be our customers best advocate 24 hours a day.



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