Pro**Labs**

MCP7H50-V001R30-C

Mellanox[®] MCP7H50-V001R30 Compatible TAA 200GBase-CU QSFP56 to 2xQSFP56 Infiniband HDR Direct Attach Cable (Passive Twinax, 1m, LSZH)

Features:

- PAM4 modulation
- Meet SFF-8636
- Meet IEEE802.3bj & IEEE802.3cd
- Support I2C two line string interface, easy to control
- Low crosstalk
- Low power
- Operating case temperature: -20 to 75 Celsius
- Hot pluggable
- RoHS Compliant and Lead-Free



Applications:

- 10G/40G/100G/200GBase Ethernet
- Infiniband SDR, DDR, QDR, FDR, EDR, HDR SWITCH
- Data center, cloud server

Product Description

This is a Mellanox[®] MCP7H50-V001R30 Compatible 200GBase-CU QSFP56 to 2xQSFP56 Infiniband HDR LSZH direct attach cable that operates over passive copper with a maximum reach of 1m. It has been programmed, uniquely serialized, and data-traffic and application tested to ensure it is 100% compliant and functional. We stand behind the quality of our products and proudly offer a limited lifetime warranty. This cable is TAA (Trade Agreements Act) compliant and is built to comply with MSA (Multi-Source Agreement) standards.

ProLabs' transceivers are RoHS compliant and lead-free.

TAA refers to the Trade Agreements Act (19 U.S.C. & 2501-2581), which is intended to foster fair and open international trade. TAA requires that the U.S. Government may acquire only "U.S. – made or designated country end products."



Rev. 062424

Environment Performance

| Parameter | Requirement | Test Condition |
|--|--|--|
| Operating Temperature Range | -20°C to +75°C | Cable operating temperature range |
| Storage Temperature Range (In Packed Condition) | -40°C to +80°C | Cable storage temperature range in packed condition |
| Thermal Cycling Non-Powered | No evidence of physical damage | EIA-364-32D, method A, -25 to 90C, 100 cycles, 15 min. dwells |
| Salt Spraying | 48 hours salt spraying after shell corrosive area less than 5% | EIA-364-26 |
| Mixed Flowing Gas | Pass electrical tests per 3.1 after stressing (for connector only) | EIA-364-35 Class II, 14 days |
| Temperature Life | No evidence of physical damage | EIA-364-17C w/RH, damp heat 90°C at 85% RH for 500 hours then return to ambient |
| Cable Cold Bend | 4H, no evidence of physical damage | Condition: -20°C±2°C, mandrel diameter is 6 times the cable diameter |
| Low-Level Contact Resistance | 70milli Ω maximum from initial | EIA-364-23: apply a maximum voltage of20mV and a current of 100mA |
| Insulation Resistance | 10MΩ (minimum) | EIA364-21: AC 300V 1 minute |
| Dielectric Withstanding Voltage | No disruptive discharge | EIA-364-20: apply a voltage of 300 VDC for 1 minute between adjacent terminals and between adjacent terminals and ground |

Electrical Performance

| Parameter | | Requiremen | t | | | | | | Test Condition |
|---------------------|---------------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|----------------|----------------|--------------------------------|
| Differential | Cable | 105+5/-100 | | | | | | | Rise time of 25ns |
| Impedance | Impedance | 10313/ 1012 | | | | | | | (20-80%) |
| | Paddle Card Impedance | 100±10Ω | | | | | | | Rise time of 25ps (20-80%) |
| | Cable | 100±15Ω | | | | | | | Rise time of 25ps |
| | Termination Impedance | | (20-80%) | | | | | | |
| Differential (Ir | nput/Output) | Return_loss(| f) <u>></u> {16.5-2 ₁ | ſſ | 0.05≤f<4 | 1.1 | | | 10MHz≤f ≤19GHz |
| Return Loss SI | DD11/SDD22 | | 10.66-1 | 4log10(f/ 5 | 5.5) 4. | 1 <i>≤ f≤</i> 19} | | | |
| | | | <i>.</i> | | | | | | |
| | | Where f is th | e frequency | rin GHz Irn locc at f | Fraguanay | t | | | |
| Differential to | Common-Mode | Return_Ioss | (1) is the return | | | 1 | | | 10MHz <f <19ghz<="" th=""></f> |
| (Input/Output | t) Return Loss | Return_loss(| <u>T)> {</u> 22-(20) | /25./8Jf | $0.01 \le f \le 1$ | (2.89 | | | 1010111231 3150112 |
| SCD11/SCD22 | | | 15-(6/2 | 25.78JJ | 12.895 J | S 19} | | | |
| | | Where f is th | ne frequency | in GHz | | | | | |
| | | Return_loss(| f) is the Diff | erential to | common- | mode retu | ırn loss at | frequency | |
| | | f | | | | | | | |
| Common-Mod | de to Common- | Return_loss(| <i>f)</i> ≥2dB (|).2 <i>≤</i> t≤19 | | | | | 10MHz≤t ≤19GHz |
| | Coupul Return | Where f is th | e frequency | in GHz | | | | | |
| | | Return loss(f) is the common-mode to common-mode return loss at | | | | | s at | | |
| | | frequency f | | | | | | | |
| Differential In | sertion Loss | (Differential Insertion Loss Maximum for TPa to TPb Excluding Test Fixture) | | | | | | 10MHz≤f ≤19GHz | |
| (SDD21 Maxir | num) | F AWG | 1.25GHz | 2.5GHz | 5.0GHz | 7.0GHz | 10Ghz | 12.89Ghz | |
| | | 30 (1m) | 4.5dB | 5.4dB | 6.3dB | 7.5dB | 8.5dB | 10.5dB | |
| | | Max. | | | 10.0.15 | | | | |
| | | 30/28 (3m) Max | 7.5dB | 9.5dB | 12.2dB | 14.8dB | 18.0dB | 21.5dB | |
| | | 26 (3m) | 5.7dB | 7.2dB | 9.9 dB | 11.9dB | 14.1dB | 16.5dB | |
| | | Max. | 0.102 | | 010 02 | 11.00.0 | | 101000 | |
| | | 26/25 | 7.8dB | 10.0dB | 13.5dB | 16.0dB | 19.0dB | 22.0dB | |
| - | | (5m) Max. | | | | | | | |
| Insertion Loss | Deviation | -0.176*f - 0.1 | 7 ≤ILD ≤0.17 | 76* f + 0.7 | | | | | 50MHz≤t ≤19GHz |
| Differential to | Common-Mode | 10 0.01≤f< 12.89 | | | | | 10MHz≤f ≤19GHz | | |
| Conversion Lo | ss-Differential | Conversion $loss(f) - IL(f) \ge \{ 27 - (29/22)f 12.89 \le f \le 15.7 \}$ | | | | | | | |
| Insertion Loss | (SCD21-SDD21) | | | 6. | 3 | 15.7≤ f± | ≤ <i>19</i> | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | Where f is the frequency in GHz | | | | | | | | |
| | | Conversion_loss(f) is the cable assembly differential to common-mode | | | | | | | |
| | | Conversion loss | | | | | | | |
| MDNEXT (Mu | ltiple Disturber | ber ≥26dB @12.89GHz | | | | | 10MHz≤f ≤19GHz | | |
| Near-End Crosstalk) | | | | | | | | | |
| Intra Skew | | 15ps/m | | | | | | | 10MHz≤f ≤19GHz |

| Parameter | Requirement | Test Condition |
|---------------------------------|---|--|
| Vibration | Pass electrical tests per 3.1 after stressing | Clamp & vibrate per EIA-364-28E, TC-VII, test condition letter – D, 15 minutesin X, Y & Z axis. |
| Cable Flex | No evidence of physicaldamage | Flex cable 180° for 20 cycles (±90° from nominal position) at 12 cycles per minutewith a 1.0kg load applied to the cable jacket. Flex in the boot area 90° in each direction from vertical. Per EIA-364-41C. |
| Cable Plug Retention in Cage | 90N Minimum No evidence of physicaldamage | Force to be applied axially with no damageto cage. Per SFF- 8661 Rev. 2.1. Pull on cable jacket approximately 1 ft behind cable plug. No functional damage to cable plug below 90N. Per SFF-8432 Rev. 5.0. |
| Cable Retention in Plug | 90N Minimum No evidence of physicaldamage | Cable plug is fixtured with the bulk cable hanging vertically. A 90N axial load is applied (gradually) to the cable jacket and held for 1 minute. Per EIA-364-38B. |
| Mechanical Shock | Pass electrical tests per 3.1 after stressing | Clamp and shock per EIA-364-27B, TC-G, 3 times in 6 directions, 100g, 6ms. |
| Cable Plug Insertion | 40N Maximum (QSFP56) | Per SFF-8661 Rev. 2.1. |
| Cable plug Extraction | 30N Maximum (QSFP56) | Place axial load on de-latch to de-latch plug. Per SFF8661 Rev. 2.1. |
| Durability | 50 cycles, no evidence ofphysical damage | EIA-364-09, perform plug & un-plug cycles: plug and receptacle mate rate: 250times/hour. 50 times for QSFP28/SFP28 module (connector to PCB). |

Mechanical and Physical Characteristics

Electrical Pin-Out Details



Viewed From Top

Viewed From Bottom

Pin Descriptions

| Pin | Logic | Symbol | Name/Description | Notes |
|-----|------------|---------|--------------------------------------|-------|
| 1 | | GND | Module Ground. | 1 |
| 2 | CML-I | Tx2- | Transmitter Inverted Data Input. | |
| 3 | CML-I | Tx2+ | Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input. | |
| 4 | | GND | Module Ground. | 1 |
| 5 | CML-I | Tx4- | Transmitter Inverted Data Input. | |
| 6 | CML-I | Tx4+ | Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input. | |
| 7 | | GND | Module Ground. | 1 |
| 8 | LVTTL-I | ModSelL | Module Select. | |
| 9 | LVTTL-I | ResetL | Module Reset. | |
| 10 | | VccRx | +3.3V Receiver Power Supply. | 2 |
| 11 | LVCMOS-I/O | SCL | 2-Wire Serial Interface Clock. | |
| 12 | LVCMOS-I/O | SDA | 2-Wire Serial Interface Data. | |
| 13 | | GND | Module Ground. | 1 |
| 14 | CML-O | Rx3+ | Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output. | |
| 15 | CML-O | Rx3- | Receiver Inverted Data Output. | |
| 16 | | GND | Module Ground. | 1 |
| 17 | CML-O | Rx1+ | Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output. | |
| 18 | CML-O | Rx1- | Receiver Inverted Data Output. | |
| 19 | | GND | Module Ground. | 1 |
| 20 | | GND | Module Ground. | 1 |
| 21 | CML-O | Rx2- | Receiver Inverted Data Output. | |
| 22 | CML-O | Rx2+ | Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output. | |
| 23 | | GND | Module Ground. | 1 |
| 24 | CML-O | Rx4- | Receiver Inverted Data Output. | |
| 25 | CML-O | Rx4+ | Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output. | |
| 26 | | GND | Module Ground. | 1 |
| 27 | LVTTL-O | ModPrsL | Module Present. | |
| 28 | LVTTL-O | IntL | Interrupt. | |
| 29 | | VccTx | +3.3V Transmitter Power Supply. | 2 |
| 30 | | Vcc1 | +3.3V Power Supply. | 2 |
| 31 | LVTTL-I | LPMode | Low-Power Mode. | |
| 32 | | GND | Module Ground. | 1 |
| 33 | CML-I | Tx3+ | Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input. | |
| 34 | CML-I | Tx3- | Transmitter Inverted Data Input. | |

| 35 | | GND | Module Ground. | 1 |
|----|-------|------|--------------------------------------|---|
| 36 | CML-I | Tx1+ | Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input. | |
| 37 | CML-I | Tx1- | Transmitter Inverted Data Input. | |
| 38 | | GND | Module Ground. | 1 |

Note:

1. GND is the symbol for signal and supply (power) common for the QSFP module. All are common within the QSFP module, and all module voltages are referenced to this potential unless otherwise noted. Connect these directly to the host board signal-common ground plane.

2. VccRx, Vcc1, and VccTx are the receiver and transmitter power supplies and shall be applied concurrently. VccRx, Vcc1, and VccTx may be internally connected within the QSFP transceiver module in any combination. The connector pins are each rated for a maximum current of 500mA.

Wiring Diagram

| wire | Starting signal | Starting | End | End signal | wire | Starting signal | Starting | End | End signal |
|------|-----------------|----------|-------|------------|------|-----------------|----------|-------|------------|
| | RX1+ | X1.17 | X2.36 | TX1+ | | RX3+ | X1.14 | X3.36 | TX1+ |
| | RX1- | X1.18 | X2.37 | TX1- | | RX3- | X1.15 | X3.37 | TX1- |
| 14/1 | GND | X1.19 | X2.38 | GND | W3 | GND | X1.16 | X3.38 | GND |
| VV 1 | TX1+ | X1.36 | X2.17 | RX1+ | | TX3+ | X1.33 | X3.17 | RX1+ |
| | TX1- | X1.37 | X2.18 | RX1- | | TX3- | X1.34 | X3.18 | RX1- |
| | GND | X1.38 | X2.19 | GND | | GND | X1.35 | X3.19 | GND |
| | GND | X1.20 | X2.1 | GND | | GND | X1.23 | X3.1 | GND |
| | RX2- | X1.21 | X2.2 | TX2- | | RX4- | X1.24 | X3.2 | TX2- |
| 14/0 | RX2+ | X1.22 | X2.3 | TX2+ | | RX4+ | X1.25 | X3.3 | TX2+ |
| VV2 | GND | X1.1 | X2.20 | GND | VV4 | GND | X1.4 | X3.20 | GND |
| | TX2- | X1.2 | X2.21 | RX2- | | TX4- | X1.5 | X3.21 | RX2- |
| | TX2+ | X1.3 | X2.22 | RX2+ | | TX4+ | X1.6 | X3.22 | RX2+ |

Mechanical Specifications



About ProLabs

Our experience comes as standard; for over 15 years ProLabs has delivered optical connectivity solutions that give our customers freedom and choice through our ability to provide seamless interoperability. At the heart of our company is the ability to provide state-of-the-art optical transport and connectivity solutions that are compatible with over 90 optical switching and transport platforms.

Complete Portfolio of Network Solutions

ProLabs is focused on innovations in optical transport and connectivity. The combination of our knowledge of optics and networking equipment enables ProLabs to be your single source for optical transport and connectivity solutions from 100Mb to 400G while providing innovative solutions that increase network efficiency. We provide the optical connectivity expertise that is compatible with and enhances your switching and transport equipment.

Trusted Partner

Customer service is our number one value. ProLabs has invested in people, labs and manufacturing capacity to ensure that you get immediate answers to your questions and compatible product when needed. With Engineering and Manufacturing offices in the U.K. and U.S. augmented by field offices throughout the U.S., U.K. and Asia, ProLabs is able to be our customers best advocate 24 hours a day.



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