

## QSFP56-200GB-4FR4-C

MSA and TAA 200GBase-FR4 QSFP56 Transceiver (SMF, 1310nm, 2km, LC, DOM, CMIS 4.0)

### **Features:**

- SFF-8661 Rev. 2.5 Compliant
- IEEE Std 802.3cn-2019 200GBASE-FR4 Compliant
- IEEE Std 802.3-2018 Section 8 200GAUI-4 Compliant
- 4x26.5625 GBd PAM4 Electrical Lanes into Optical Channels
- Cooled EA-DFB-LDs at Each CWDM 1.3µm Wavelength
- 4x PIN-PDs with TIA
- Single-Mode Fiber
- Duplex LC Connector
- Power Consumption is <6.5W
- CMIS 4.0 Management Interface
- Commercial Temperature 0 to 70 Celsius
- RoHS Compliant and Lead-Free



# **Applications:**

- 200GBase Ethernet
- Access and Enterprise

## **Product Description**

This MSA Compliant QSFP56 transceiver provides 200GBase-FR4 throughput up to 2km over single-mode fiber (SMF) using a wavelength of 1310nm via an LC connector. It is built to MSA standards and is uniquely serialized and data-traffic and application tested to ensure that they will integrate into your network seamlessly. Digital optical monitoring (DOM) support is also present to allow access to real-time operating parameters. This transceiver is Trade Agreements Act (TAA) compliant. We stand behind the quality of our products and proudly offer a limited lifetime warranty.

ProLabs' transceivers are RoHS compliant and lead-free.

TAA refers to the Trade Agreements Act (19 U.S.C. & 2501-2581), which is intended to foster fair and open international trade. TAA requires that the U.S. Government may acquire only "U.S. – made or designated country end products."



**Absolute Maximum Ratings** 

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Notes
Maximum Supply Voltage	Vcc	0		3.6	V	
Storage Temperature	Tstg	-40		85	°C	
Operating Case Temperature	Тс	0	25	70	°C	

## Notes:

1. Stresses in excess of the Absolute Maximum Ratings can cause permanent damage to the device. These are absolute stress ratings only. Functional operation of the device is not implied at these or any other conditions in excess of those provided. Exposure to Absolute Maximum Ratings will cause permanent damage and/or adversely affect device reliability.

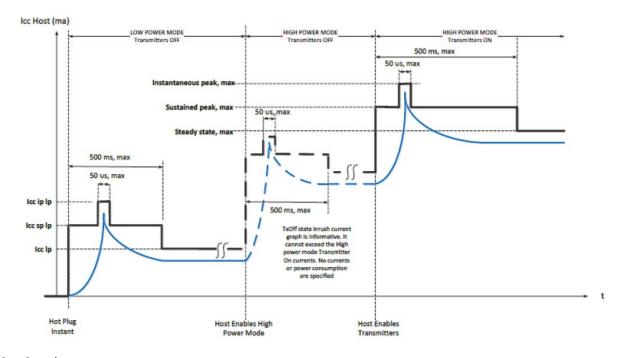
## **Electrical Characteristics**

electrical Characteristics		• • •	_			
Parameter	Symbol / Test Point	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Notes
Supply Voltage	Vcc	3.135	3.3	3.465	V	
Module Power Supply Noise Tolerance	PSNR <sub>mod</sub>			66	mV	1
Power Consumption	PD			6.5	W	
Instantaneous Peak Current	lcc_ip			2600	mA	2
Sustained Peak Current	lcc_sp			2145.2	mA	2
Supply Current	Icc			2073.4	mA	3
Transmitter Per Lane						
Signaling Rate Per Lane (Range)	TP4	2	6.5625 ± 100pp	om	GBd	4
AC Common-Mode Output Voltage (RMS)	TP4			17.5	mV	
Differential Pk-Pk Output Voltage	TP4			900	mV	
Near-End Eye Symmetry Mask Width (ESMW)	TP4	0.265			UI	
Near-End Eye Height Differential	TP4	70			mV	
Far-End Eye Symmetry Mask Width (ESMW)	TP4	0.2			UI	
Far-End Eye Height Differential	TP4	30			mV	
Far-End Pre-Cursor ISI Ratio	TP4	-4.5		2.5	%	
Differential Output Return Loss	TP4	Equation (83E-2)			dB	5
Common to Differential Mode Conversion Return Loss	TP4	Equation (83E-3)			dB	5
Differential Termination Mismatch	TP4			10	%	
Transition Time (20-80%)	TP4	9.5			ps	
DC Common-Mode Voltage	TP4	-350		2850	mV	

Receiver Per Lane						
Signaling Speed Per Lane (Range)		26	.5625 ± 100pp	om	GBd	
Differential Pk-Pk Input Voltage Tolerance	TP1a	900			mV	
Differential Input Return Loss	TP1	Equation (83E-5)			dB	5
Differential to Common-Mode Input Return Loss	TP1	Equation (83E-6)			dB	5
Differential Termination Mismatch	TP1			10	%	
Eye Symmetry Mask Width (ESMW)	TP1a	0.22			UI	
Eye Width	TP1a	0.22			UI	
Applied Pk-Pk Sinusoidal Jitter	TP1a	Table 120E-6 MH			MHz, UI	
Eye Height	TP1a	32			mV	
Single-Ended Input Voltage Tolerance Range	TP1a	-0.4		3.3	V	
DC Common-Mode Voltage	TP1	-350		2850	mV	

## Notes:

- 1. 10Hz to 10MHz.
- 2. Instantaneous and sustained peak currents for Icc host.



- 3. Steady state.
- 4. Electrical module output is squelched for loss of optical input signal.
- 5. IEEE Std 802.3-2018 Section 6.

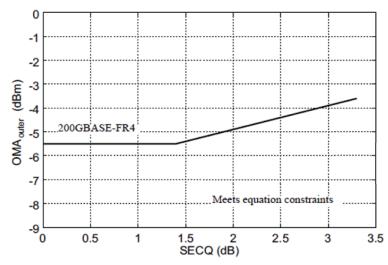
# **Optical Characteristics**

Parameter			Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Notes
Channel Data Rate		fDC		53.125		Gbps		
Signaling Rate Per Lane		fSG		26.5625		GBd	1	
Signal Speed Variation Lane	Signal Speed Variation from Nominal Per		fSG	-100		100	ppm	
Optical Receiver Input						+5.7	dBm	2
Lane Wavelengths (Rar	nge)	Lane 0	λCO	1264.5		1277.5	nm	
		Lane 1	λC1	1284.5		1297.5	nm	
		Lane 2	λC2	1304.5		1317.5	nm	
		Lane 3	усз	1324.5		1337.5	nm	
Transmitter								
Side-Mode Suppression	n Ratio		SMSR	30			dB	
Total Average Launch F	ower					10.7	dBm	
Average Launch Power	Per Lane			-4.2		4.7	dBm	3
Outer Optical Modulat (OMAouter) Per Lane	ion Amplit	:ude		-1.2		4.5	dBm	4
Difference in Launch Po Two Lanes (OMAouter)		een Any				4	dB	
Launch Power in	For ER≥4	.5dB		-2.6			dBm	
OMAouter Minus TDECQ Per Lane	For ER<4	.5dB		-2.5			dBm	
Transmitter and Dispersion Eye Closure for PAM4 Per Lane		TDECQ			3.1	dB		
TDECQ – 10log <sub>10</sub> (Ceq) P	er Lane					3.1	dB	5
Average Launch Power Per Lane	of Off Tra	nsmitter	Poff			-30	dBm	
Extinction Ratio Per La	ne		ER	3.5			dB	
RIN <sub>15.6</sub> OMA						-132	dB/Hz	
Optical Return Loss Tol	erance					17.1	dB	
Transmitter Reflectanc	e					-26	dB	6
Receiver								
Average Receive Power	r Per Lane			-8.2		4.7	dBm	7
Receive Power (OMAo	uter) Per L	ane				4.5	dBm	
Difference in Receive Power Between Any Two Lanes (OMAouter)					4.1	dB		
Receiver Reflectance						-26	dB	
Receiver Sensitivity (OI	Receiver Sensitivity (OMAouter) Per Lane			Мах	. (-5.5, SECQ -	- 6.9)	dBm	8, 9, 10
Stressed Receiver Sens Per Lane	Stressed Receiver Sensitivity (OMAouter) Per Lane					-3.8	dBm	8, 11
Receiver Loss of Signal	Indicator	Assert Level	Rx_LOS	-30		-11.2	dBm	12
Receiver Loss of Signal Level	Indicator	De-Assert	Rx_LOS			-8.2	dBm	12

Hysteresis	Rx_LOS	0.5			dB		
Conditions of Stressed Receiver Sensitivity Test							
Stressed Eye Closure For PAM4 Per Lane Under Test	SECQ		3.1		dB	13	
SECQ – 10log <sub>10</sub> (Ceq) Per Lane Under Test			3.1		dB	5, 13	
OMAouter of Each Aggressor Lane			0.3		dBm	13	

## Notes:

- 1. PAM4.
- 2. Average per lane.
- 3. Average launch power, per lane (minimum), is informative and not the principal indicator of signal strength. A transmitter and launch power below this value cannot be compliant; however, a value above this does not ensure compliance.
- 4. Even if the TDECQ<1.4dB for an extinction ratio of ≥4.5dB or TDECQ<1.3dB for an extinction ratio of <4.5dB, the OMAouter (minimum) must exceed this value.
- 5. Ceq is a coefficient defined in IEEE Std 802.3-2018 Clause 121.8.5.3 which accounts for reference equalizer noise enhancement.
- 6. Transmitter reflectance is defined looking into the transmitter.
- 7. Average receive power, per lane (minimum), is informative and not the principal indicator of signal strength. A received power below this value cannot be compliant; however, a value above this does not ensure compliance.
- 8. For when pre-FEC BER is 2.4x10<sup>-4</sup>.
- 9. Receiver sensitivity (OMAouter), per lane (maximum), is informative and is defined for a transmitter with a value of SECQ up to 3.1dB.
- 10. Illustration of receiver sensitivity for 200GBASE-FR4:



- 11. Measured with conformance test signal at TP3 (see IEEE Std 802.3-2018 Clause 122.8.9) for the BER specified in IEEE Std 802.3-2018 Clause 122.1.1.
- 12. Average power.
- 13. These test conditions are for measuring stressed receiver sensitivity. They are not characteristics of the receiver.

# **Pin Descriptions**

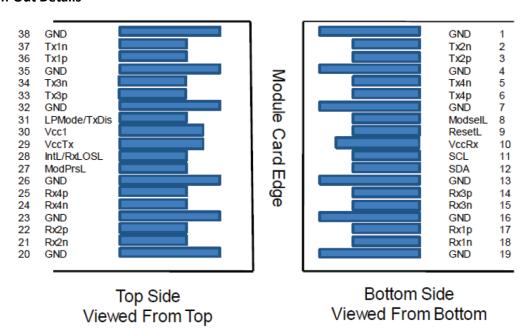
Pin	Logic	Symbol	Name/Description	Plug	Notes
1		GND	Module Ground.	Sequence 1	1
2	CML-I	Tx2-	Transmitter Inverted Data Input.	3	
3	CML-I	Tx2+	Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input.	3	
4		GND	Module Ground.	1	1
5	CML-I	Tx4-	Transmitter Inverted Data Input.	3	
6	CML-I	Tx4+	Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input.	3	
7		GND	Module Ground.	1	1
8	LVTTL-I	ModSelL	Module Select.	3	
9	LVTTL-I	ResetL	Module Reset.	3	
10		VccRx	+3.3V Receiver Power Supply.	2	2
11	LVCMOS-I/O	SCL	2-Wire Serial Interface Clock.	3	
12	LVCMOS-I/O	SDA	2-Wire Serial Interface Data.	3	
13		GND	Module Ground.	1	1
14	CML-O	Rx3+	Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output.	3	
15	CML-O	Rx3-	Receiver Inverted Data Output.	3	
16		GND	Module Ground.	1	1
17	CML-O	Rx1+	Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output.	3	
18	CML-O	Rx1-	Receiver Inverted Data Output.	3	
19		GND	Module Ground.	1	1
20		GND	Module Ground.	1	1
21	CML-O	Rx2-	Receiver Inverted Data Output.	3	
22	CML-O	Rx2+	Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output.	3	
23		GND	Module Ground.	1	1
24	CML-O	Rx4-	Receiver Inverted Data Output.	3	
25	CML-O	Rx4+	Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output.	3	
26		GND	Module Ground.	1	1
27	LVTTL-O	ModPrsL	Module Present.	3	
28	LVTTL-O	IntL/RxLOSL	Interrupt. Optionally configurable as RxLOSL via the management interface (SFF-8636).	3	
29		VccTx	+3.3V Transmitter Power Supply.	2	2
30		Vcc1	+3.3V Power Supply.	2	2
31	LVTTL-I	LPMode/TxDis	Low-Power Mode. Optionally configurable as TxDis via the management interface (SFF-8636).	3	
32		GND	Module Ground.	1	1
33	CML-I	Tx3+	Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input.	3	
34	CML-I	Tx3-	Transmitter Inverted Data Input.	3	

35		GND	Module Ground.	1	1
36	CML-I	Tx1+	Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input.	3	
37	CML-I	Tx1-	Transmitter Inverted Data Input.	3	
38		GND	Module Ground.	1	1

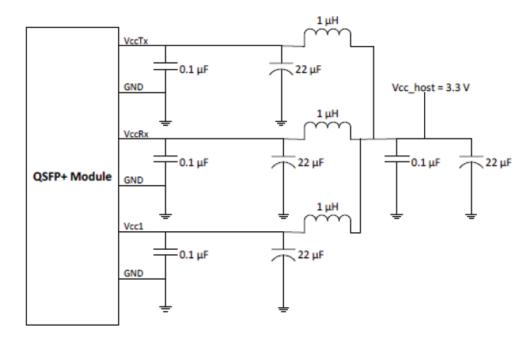
#### **Notes:**

- 1. GND is the symbol for signal and supply (power) common for the module. All are common within the module, and all module voltages are referenced to this potential unless otherwise noted. Connect them directly to the host board signal-common ground plane.
- 2. VccRx, Vcc1, and VccTx are applied concurrently and may be internally connected within the module in any combination. Vcc contacts in SFF-8662 and SFF-8672 each have a steady state current rating of 1A.

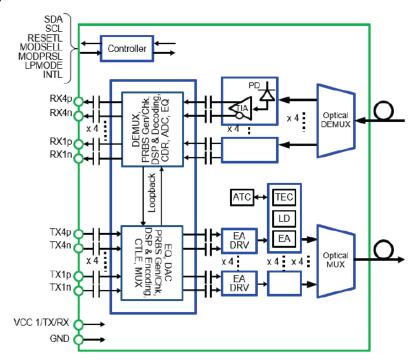
# **Electrical Pin-Out Details**



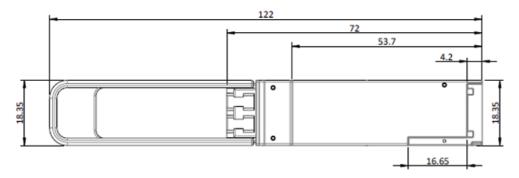
# **Recommended Host Board Power Supply Filtering**

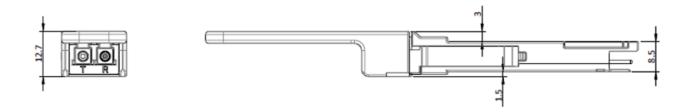


# **Functional Block Diagram**



# **Mechanical Specifications**

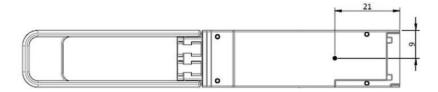




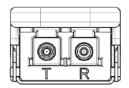
## Notes:

- 1. All dimensions are measured in mm.
- 2. Green pull tab.

# **Case Temperature Measurement Point**



# **Optical Interface**



## **Notes:**

1. Looking into the connector, the transmitter is on the left.

#### **About ProLabs**

Our experience comes as standard; for over 15 years ProLabs has delivered optical connectivity solutions that give our customers freedom and choice through our ability to provide seamless interoperability. At the heart of our company is the ability to provide state-of-the-art optical transport and connectivity solutions that are compatible with over 90 optical switching and transport platforms.

## **Complete Portfolio of Network Solutions**

ProLabs is focused on innovations in optical transport and connectivity. The combination of our knowledge of optics and networking equipment enables ProLabs to be your single source for optical transport and connectivity solutions from 100Mb to 400G while providing innovative solutions that increase network efficiency. We provide the optical connectivity expertise that is compatible with and enhances your switching and transport equipment.

### **Trusted Partner**

Customer service is our number one value. ProLabs has invested in people, labs and manufacturing capacity to ensure that you get immediate answers to your questions and compatible product when needed. With Engineering and Manufacturing offices in the U.K. and U.S. augmented by field offices throughout the U.S., U.K. and Asia, ProLabs is able to be our customers best advocate 24 hours a day.















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