

### SFP-1GB-CW-49-160-C

MSA and TAA 1000Base-CWDM SFP Transceiver (SMF, 1490nm, 160km, LC, DOM)

#### **Features:**

- INF-8074 and SFF-8472 Compliance
- Duplex LC Connector
- Single-mode Fiber
- Commercial Temperature 0 to 70 Celsius
- Hot Pluggable
- Metal with Lower EMI
- Excellent ESD Protection
- RoHS Compliant and Lead Free



## **Applications:**

- Gigabit Ethernet over CWDM
- 1x Fibre Channel
- Access, Metro and Enterprise

### **Product Description**

This MSA Compliant SFP transceiver provides 1000Base-CWDM throughput up to 160km over single-mode fiber (SMF) using a wavelength of 1490nm via an LC connector. It is built to MSA standards and is uniquely serialized and data-traffic and application tested to ensure that they will integrate into your network seamlessly. Digital optical monitoring (DOM) support is also present to allow access to real-time operating parameters. This transceiver is Trade Agreements Act (TAA) compliant. We stand behind the quality of our products and proudly offer a limited lifetime warranty.

ProLabs' transceivers are RoHS compliant and lead-free.

TAA refers to the Trade Agreements Act (19 U.S.C. & 2501-2581), which is intended to foster fair and open international trade. TAA requires that the U.S. Government may acquire only "U.S. – made or designated country end products."



# **CWDM Available Wavelengths**

Wavelengths	Min.	Тур.	Max.
27	1264.5	1270	1277.5
29	1284.5	1290	1297.5
31	1304.5	1310	1317.5
33	1324.5	1330	1337.5
35	1344.5	1350	1357.5
37	1364.5	1370	1377.5
39	1384.5	1390	1397.5
41	1404.5	1410	1417.5
43	1424.5	1430	1437.5
45	1444.5	1450	1457.5
47	1464.5	1470	1477.5
49	1484.5	1490	1497.5
21	1504.5	1510	1517.5
23	1524.5	1530	1537.5
55	1544.5	1550	1557.5
57	1564.5	1570	1577.5
59	1584.5	1590	1597.5
61	1604.5	1610	1617.5

# **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Parameter		Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Notes
Maximum Supply Voltage		Vcc	-0.5		3.6	V	
Storage Tempe	rature	Tstg	-40		85	°C	
Operating Case	Temperature	Тс	0		70	°C	
Operating Rela	tive Humidity	RH	5		85	%	
Power Supply C	Power Supply Current				300	mA	
Link Budget				3.6		dB	
Data Rate	GBE			1.25		Gbps	
	FC			1.063			

## **Electrical Characteristics**

Parameter		Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Notes
Supply Voltage		Vcc	3.15	3.3	3.45	V	
Transmitter							
Differential LVPECL Inputs		VIN	400		2000	mVp-p	1
Input Differential	Impedance	ZIN	85	100	115	Ω	2
Tx_Disable	Disable		2		Vcc+0.3	V	
	Enable		0		0.8	V	
Tx_Fault	Fault		2		Vcc+0.3	V	
	Normal		0		0.8		
Receiver							
Differential LVPECL Outputs		VOUT	400		2000	mVp-p	3
Output Differential Impedance		ZOUT	85	100	115	Ω	
Tx_Disable Asser	Tx_Disable Assert Time				10	us	
Rx_LOS	LOS		2		Vcc+0.3	V	
	Normal		0		0.8		
MOD_DEF(0.2)		VOH	2.5			V	4
		VOL	0		0.5		

# Notes:

- 1. AC coupled inputs. LVPECL logic. Internally AC coupled.
- 2. RIN>100kΩ @DC.
- 3. AC coupled outputs. LVPECL logic. Internally AC coupled.
- 4. With serial ID.

**Optical Characteristics** 

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Notes	
Transmitter							
Center Wavelength	λC	λC-6.5	λC	λC+6.5	nm		
Spectral Width (-20dB)	Δλ			1	nm		
Average Output Power	POUT	2		7	dBm	1	
Side-Mode Suppression Ratio	SMSR	30			dB		
Extinction Ratio	ER	9			dB		
Rise/Fall Time (20-80%)	Tr/Tf			0.26	ns		
POUT @Tx_Disable Asserted	POUT			-45	dBm		
Output Optical Eye		Con	npliant with I	EEE 802.3		2	
Receiver							
Center Wavelength	λC	1260		1630	nm		
Receiver Sensitivity	Pmin			-34	dBm	3	
Receiver Overload	Pmax	-9			dBm		
LOS De-Assert	LOSD			-37	dBm		
LOS Assert	LOSA	-45			dBm		
LOS Hysteresis		0.5			dB		

## Notes:

- 1. Output power is power coupled into a 9/125μm single-mode fiber.
- 2. Filtered, measured with a PRBS  $2^7$ -1 test pattern @1250Mbps.
- 3. Minimum average optical power is measured at BER less than 1E<sup>-12</sup>, with 1.25Gbps, 2<sup>7</sup>-1 PRBS, and ER=9dB.

## **Pin Descriptions**

Pin	Symbol	Name/Description	Plug Seq.	Notes
1	VeeT	Transmitter Ground.	1	5
2	Tx_Fault	Transmitter Fault Indication.	3	1
3	Tx_Disable	Transmitter Disable. Module disables on "high" or "open."	3	2
4	MOD-DEF2	Module Definition 2. 2-Wire Serial ID Interface.	3	3
5	MOD-DEF1	Module Definition 1. 2-Wire Serial ID Interface.	3	3
6	MOD-DEF0	Module Definition 0. Grounded within the module.	3	3
7	Rate Select	Not Connected. Function not available.	3	
8	LOS	Loss of Signal.	3	4
9	VeeR	Receiver Ground.	1	5
10	VeeR	Receiver Ground.	1	5
11	VeeR	Receiver Ground.	1	5
12	RD-	Inverse Received Data Out.	3	6
13	RD+	Received Data Out.	3	7
14	VeeR	Receiver Ground.	1	5
15	VccR	3.3 ± 5% Receiver Power.	2	7
16	VccT	3.3 ± 5% Transmitter Power.	2	7
17	VeeT	Transmitter Ground.	1	5
18	TD+	Transmitter Data In.	3	8
19	TD-	Inverse Transmitter Data In.	3	8
20	VeeT	Transmitter Ground.	1	5

#### Notes:

- 1. Tx\_Fault is an open collector/drain output that should be pulled up with a  $4.7k\Omega$  to  $10k\Omega$  resistor on the host board. Pull-up voltage between 2.0V and VccT/R+0.3V. When "high," output indicates a laser fault of some kind. "Low" indicates normal operation. In the "low" state, the output will be pulled to <0.8V.
- 2. Tx\_Disable is an input that is used to shut down the transmitter optical output. It is pulled up within the module with a  $4.7k\Omega$  to  $10k\Omega$  resistor. Its states are:

Low (0V - 0.8V): Transmitter On.

(>0.8V and <2.0V): Undefined.

High (2.0V – 3.465V): Transmitter Disabled.

Open: Transmitter Disabled.

3. MOD-DEF0, 1, and 2. These are the module definition pins. They should be pulled up with a  $4.7k\Omega$  to  $10k\Omega$  resistor on the host board. The pull-up voltage shall be VccT or VccR.

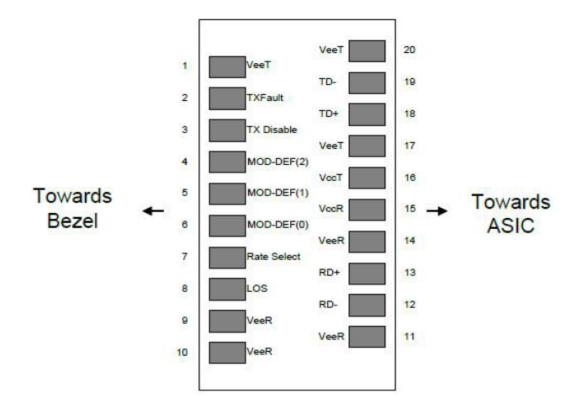
MOD-DEFO is grounded by the module to indicate that the module is present.

MOD-DEF1 is the clock line of 2-wire serial interface for optional serial ID.

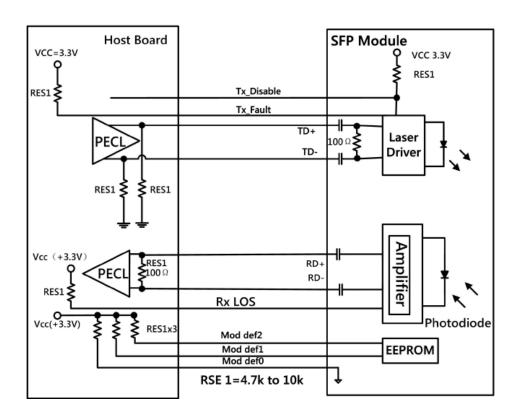
MOD-DEF2 is the data line of 2-wire serial interface for optional serial ID.

- 4. LOS (Loss of Signal) is an open collector/drain output, which should be pulled up with a  $4.7k\Omega$  to  $10k\Omega$  resistor. Pull-up voltage between 2.0V and VccT/R+0.3V. When "high," this output indicates that the received optical power is below the worst-case receiver sensitivity (as defined by the standard in use). "Low" indicates normal operation. In the "low" state, the output will be pulled to <0.8V.
- 5. VeeR and VeeT may be internally connected within the SFP module.
- 6. RD-/+. These are the differential receiver outputs. They are AC-coupled,  $100\Omega$  differential lines that should be terminated with  $100\Omega$  (differential) at the user SERDES. The AC coupling is done inside the module and is thus not required on the host board. The voltage swing on these lines will be between 400mV and 2000mV differential (200mV and 1000mV single-ended) when properly terminated.
- 7. VccR and VccT are the receiver and transmitter power supplies. They are defined as  $3.3V\pm5\%$  at the SFP connector pin. Maximum supply current is 300mA. Recommended host board power supply filtering is shown below. Inductors with DC resistance of less than  $1\Omega$  should be used in order to maintain the required voltage at the SFP input pin with 3.3V supply voltage. When the recommended supply-filtering network is used, hot plugging of the SFP transceiver module will result in an in-rush current of no more than 30mA greater than the steady state value. VccR and VccT may be internally connected within the SFP transceiver module.
- 8. TD-/+. These are the differential transmitter inputs. They are AC-coupled, differential lines with 100 differential terminations inside the module. The AC coupling is done inside the module and is thus not required on the host board. The inputs will accept differential swings of 400mV and 2000mV (200mV and 1000mV single-ended).

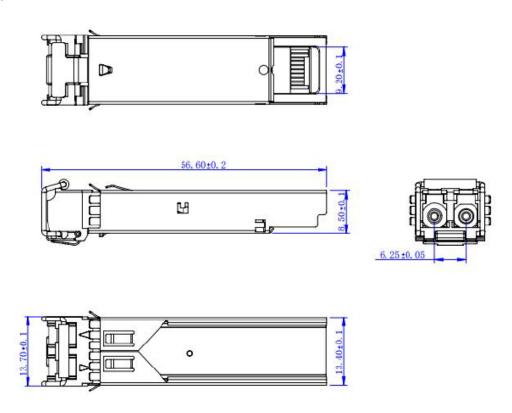
## **Pin Connectors**



## **Recommended Circuit Schematic**



## **Mechanical Specifications**



#### **About ProLabs**

Our experience comes as standard; for over 15 years ProLabs has delivered optical connectivity solutions that give our customers freedom and choice through our ability to provide seamless interoperability. At the heart of our company is the ability to provide state-of-the-art optical transport and connectivity solutions that are compatible with over 90 optical switching and transport platforms.

## **Complete Portfolio of Network Solutions**

ProLabs is focused on innovations in optical transport and connectivity. The combination of our knowledge of optics and networking equipment enables ProLabs to be your single source for optical transport and connectivity solutions from 100Mb to 400G while providing innovative solutions that increase network efficiency. We provide the optical connectivity expertise that is compatible with and enhances your switching and transport equipment.

#### **Trusted Partner**

Customer service is our number one value. ProLabs has invested in people, labs and manufacturing capacity to ensure that you get immediate answers to your questions and compatible product when needed. With Engineering and Manufacturing offices in the U.K. and U.S. augmented by field offices throughout the U.S., U.K. and Asia, ProLabs is able to be our customers best advocate 24 hours a day.















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