# Pro**Labs**

# SFP-2-5GB-LX-V-J-C

Juniper Networks<sup>®</sup> Compatible TAA 2.5GBase-LX SFP Transceiver (SMF, 1310nm, 10km, LC, DOM, -40 to 95C)

## Features:

- Operating Data Rate up to 2.5Gbps
- FP Laser Transmitter and PIN-TIA Photo-Detector
- 10km with 9/125µm SMF
- Single 3.3V Power Supply
- Hot-Pluggable
- Duplex LC Connector Interface
- Power Dissipation: 1.0W
- Operating Temperature: -40 to 95 Celsius
- RoHS Compliant and Lead-Free



Applications:

• 2500Base Ethernet

# **Product Description**

This Juniper Networks<sup>®</sup> SFP transceiver provides 2.5GBase-LX throughput up to 10km over single-mode fiber (SMF) using a wavelength of 1310nm via an LC connector. It is guaranteed to be 100% compatible with the equivalent Juniper Networks<sup>®</sup> transceiver. This easy to install, hot swappable transceiver has been programmed, uniquely serialized and data-traffic and application tested to ensure that it will initialize and perform identically. Digital optical monitoring (DOM) support is also present to allow access to real-time operating parameters. This transceiver is Trade Agreements Act (TAA) compliant. We stand behind the quality of our products and proudly offer a limited lifetime warranty.

ProLabs' transceivers are RoHS compliant and lead-free.

TAA refers to the Trade Agreements Act (19 U.S.C. & 2501-2581), which is intended to foster fair and open international trade. TAA requires that the U.S. Government may acquire only "U.S. – made or designated country end products."



Rev. 091624

# Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Notes
Storage Temperature	Tstg	-40		95	°C	
Operating Case Temperature	Тс	-40		95	°C	
Maximum Supply Voltage	Vcc	-0.5		3.6	V	
Operating Relative Humidity	RH	5		85	%	
Data Rate			2.5		Gbps	
9μm Core Diameter SMF			10		km	

# **Electrical Characteristics**

Parameter		Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Notes
Module Supply Voltage		Vcc	3.15	3.3	3.45	V	
Module Supply Current		Icc			300	mA	
Transmitter							
Differential LVPECL Inputs		VIN	400		1600	mVp-p	1
Differential Input Impedance		ZIN	85	100	115	Ω	2
Tx_Disable	Disable		2		Vcc+0.3	V	
	Enable		0		0.8		
Tx_Fault	Fault		2		Vcc+0.3	V	
	Normal		0		0.5		
Receiver							
Differential LVPECL Outputs		VOUT	400	800	1200	mVp-p	3
Differential Output Impedance		ZOUT	85	100	115	Ω	
Tx_Disable Assert Time		t_off			10	us	
Tx_LOS	LOS		2		Vcc+0.3	V	
	Normal		0		0.8		
MOD_DEF (0.2)		VOH	2.5			V	4
		VOL	0		0.5		

# Notes:

- 1. AC Coupled Inputs. LVPECL Logic. Internally AC Coupled.
- 2. RIN>100kΩ @DC.
- 3. AC Coupled Outputs. LVPECL Logic. Internally AC Coupled.
- 4. With Serial ID.

# **Optical Characteristics**

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Notes
Transmitter						
Center Wavelength	λC	1260	1310	136	nm	
Spectral Width (RMS)	Δλ			3	nm	
Average Output Power	POUT	-11.7		-3	dBm	1
Extinction Ratio	ER	8.2			dB	
Rise/Fall Time (20-80%)	Tr/Tf			150	ps	
POUT @Tx_Disable Asserted	POUT			-45	dBm	
Output Optical Eye		ITU-	T G.957 Comp	liant		2
Receiver						
Center Wavelength	λC	1260		1600	nm	
Receiver Sensitivity	Pmin			-18	dBm	3
Receiver Overload	Pmax	-3			dBm	
LOS De-Assert	LOSD			-19	dBm	
LOS Assert	LOSA	-30			dBm	
LOS Hysteresis		0.5			dB	

## Notes:

- 1. Output power is coupled into a  $9/125\mu m$  SMF.
- 2. Filtered, measured with a PRBS 2<sup>23</sup>-1 test pattern @2.5Gbps.
- 3. Minimum average optical power is measured at BER less than  $1E^{-12}$  with  $2^{23}$ -1 PRBS and ER=8.2dB.

#### **Pin Descriptions**

Pin	Symbol	Name/Description	Plug Seq.	Notes
1	VeeT	Transmitter Ground.	1	5
2	Tx_Fault	Transmitter Fault Indication.	3	1
3	Tx_Disable	Transmitter Disable. Module disables on "high" or "open."	3	2
4	SDA	Module Definition 2. 2-Wire Serial ID Interface.	3	3
5	SCL	Module Definition 1. 2-Wire Serial ID Interface.	3	3
6	MOD_ABS	Module Definition 0. Grounded within the module.	3	3
7	RSO	Not Connected. Function Not Available.	3	
8	LOS	Loss of Signal.	3	4
9	RS1	Receiver Ground.	1	5
10	VeeR	Receiver Ground.	1	5
11	VeeR	Receiver Ground.	1	5
12	RD-	Inverse Receiver Data Out.	3	6
13	RD+	Received Data Out.	3	7
14	VeeR	Received Data Out.	1	5
15	VccR	3.3 ± 5% Receiver Power.	2	7
16	VccT	3.3 ± 5% Transmitter Power.	2	7
17	VeeT	Transmitter Ground.	1	5
18	TD+	Transmit Data In.	3	8
19	TD-	Inverse Transmit Data In.	3	8
20	VeeT	Transmitter Ground.	1	5

#### Notes:

- Tx\_Fault is an open collector/drain output that should be pulled up with a 4.7kΩ to 10kΩ resistor on the host board to a voltage between 2.0V and VccT/R+0.3V. When "high," the output indicates a laser fault of some kind. "Low" indicates normal operation. In the "low" state, the output will be pulled to <0.8V.</li>
- 2. Tx\_Disable is an input that is used to shut down the transmitter optical output. It is pulled up within the module with a  $4.7k\Omega$  to  $10k\Omega$  resistor. Its states are:

Low (0V to 0.8V):	Transmitter On
(>0.8V and <2V):	Undefined
High (2.0V to 3.465V):	Transmitter Disabled
Open:	Transmitter Disabled.

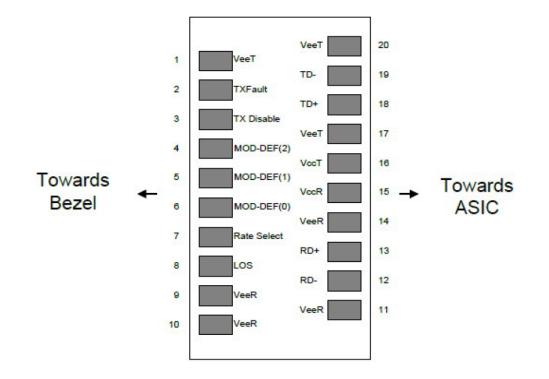
3. MOD-DEF0, 1, & 2. These are the module definition pins. They should be pulled up with a  $4.7k\Omega$  to  $10k\Omega$  resistor on the host board. The pull-up voltage shall be VccT or VccR.

MOD-DEFO is grounded by the module to indicate that the module is present.

MOD-DEF1 is the clock line of 2-wire serial interface for optional serial ID.

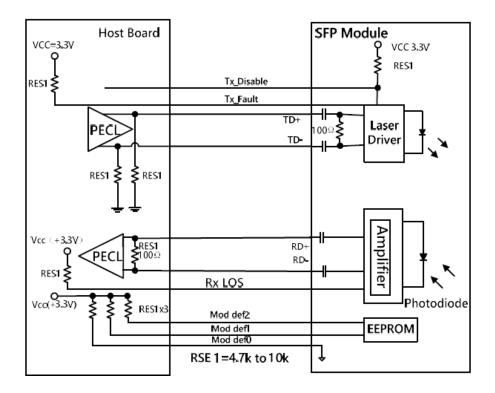
MOD-DEF2 is the data line of 2-wire serial interface for optional serial ID.

- 4. LOS (Loss of Signal) is an open collector/drain output that should be pulled up with a 4.7kΩ to 10kΩ. Pull-up voltage between 2.0 and VccT/R+0.3V. When "high," this output indicates that the receiver optical power is below the worst-case receiver sensitivity (as defined by the standard in use). "Low" indicates normal operation. In the "low" state, the output will be pulled to <0.8V.</p>
- 5. VeeR and VeeT may be internally connected within the SFP module.
- 6. RD-/+. These are the differential receiver outputs. They are AC coupled 100Ω differential lines which should be terminated with differential 100Ω at the user SERDES. The AC coupling is done inside the module and is thus not required on the host board. The voltage swing on these lines will be between 400mV and 2000mV differential (200mV-1000mV single-ended) when properly terminated.
- 7. VccR and VccT are the receiver and transmitter power supplies. They are defined as  $3.3V\pm5\%$  at the SFP connector pin. Maximum supply current is 300mA. Recommended host board power supply filtering is shown below. Inductors with DC resistance of less than  $1\Omega$  should be used in order to maintain the required voltage at the SFP input pin with 3.3V supply voltage. When the recommended supply-filtering network is used, hot plugging of the SFP transceiver module will result in an in-rush current of no more than 30mA greater that the steady state value. VccR and VccT may be internally connected within the SFP module.
- TD-/+. These are the differential transmitter inputs. They are AC coupled, differential lines with 100 differential termination inside the module. The AC coupling is done inside the module and is thus not required on the host board. The inputs will accept differential swings of 400mV-2000mV (200mV-1000mV single-ended).



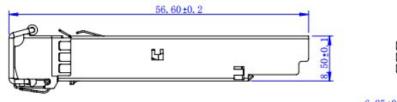
# Electrical Pin-Out Details

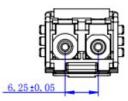
## **Recommended Circuit Schematic**

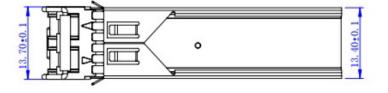


# **Mechanical Specifications**









# **About ProLabs**

Our experience comes as standard; for over 15 years ProLabs has delivered optical connectivity solutions that give our customers freedom and choice through our ability to provide seamless interoperability. At the heart of our company is the ability to provide state-of-the-art optical transport and connectivity solutions that are compatible with over 90 optical switching and transport platforms.

## **Complete Portfolio of Network Solutions**

ProLabs is focused on innovations in optical transport and connectivity. The combination of our knowledge of optics and networking equipment enables ProLabs to be your single source for optical transport and connectivity solutions from 100Mb to 400G while providing innovative solutions that increase network efficiency. We provide the optical connectivity expertise that is compatible with and enhances your switching and transport equipment.

# **Trusted Partner**

Customer service is our number one value. ProLabs has invested in people, labs and manufacturing capacity to ensure that you get immediate answers to your questions and compatible product when needed. With Engineering and Manufacturing offices in the U.K. and U.S. augmented by field offices throughout the U.S., U.K. and Asia, ProLabs is able to be our customers best advocate 24 hours a day.



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